IN THE OFFICE OF THE STATUTORY OMBUD FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES
PROVIDERS

Case Number: FAIS 08043/11-12/KZN (3)

In the matter between:-

**SEERAMALU NAIDOO** 

Complainant

and

PIETER DE WET t/a MODEL INSURANCE COMPANY

Respondent

DETERMINATION IN TERMS OF SECTION 14(3) OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES
OMBUD SCHEMES ACT NO. 37 OF 2004 ('FSOS Act'), READ WITH SECTION
28(1) OF THE FINANCIAL ADVISORY AND INTERMEDIARY SERVICES ACT NO.
37 OF 2002 ('FAIS ACT')

# A. THE PARTIES

- [1] The complainant is Seeramalu Naidoo, an adult male of Chatsworth, KwaZulu-Natal.
- [2] The respondent is Pieter De Wet, a sole proprietor who conducted short-term insurance business under the name Model Insurance Company ('Model') whose address is 502 Charter House, 75 Crompton Street, Pinetown, KwaZulu Natal.

### B. BACKGROUND

- [3] The determination is made in terms of the FSOS Act<sup>1</sup> read with section 28(1) of the FAIS Act. The complainant in this matter is one of a number of policy holders who lodged complaints with this Office following the respondent's failure to honour their claims.
- [4] The respondent held himself out to be an authorised short-term insurer and collected premiums from members of the public. It emerged from enquiries with the Registrar that the respondent had never been licensed in terms of Section 7(1) of the FAIS Act to render financial services to the public. He had also never been registered to conduct business as a short-term insurer as required by Section 7 of the Short-term Insurance Act ('STIA'). In terms of Section 7 of the STIA:
  - '(1) No person shall carry on any kind of short-term insurance business unless that person –
  - is registered or deemed to be registered as a short-term insurer, and is authorised to carry on the kind of short-term insurance business concerned under this Act; or
  - (b) is authorised under section 56 to do so, and carries on that business in accordance with this Act.'
- [5] During February 2012, the Registrar issued a warning, requesting the public not to conduct business with Model. Despite this warning, the respondent continued to conduct unregistered insurance business. The Registrar reported the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Financial Services Ombud Schemes Act 37 of 2004.

respondent to the Commercial Crime Branch of the South African Police Service and secured an interim interdict in the Kwazulu-Natal High Court to stop the respondent from carrying out short-term insurance business.

### C. JURISDICTION

- [6] The respondent is not a member of a recognised scheme as contemplated in Section 10 and 11 of the FSOS Act.
- [7] Accordingly and in terms of Section 13 of the FSOS Act, the FAIS Ombud, in its capacity as Statutory Ombud assumes jurisdiction over the respondent in respect of this complaint.
- [8] The FAIS Ombud therefore deals with this complaint in terms of Section 14 of the FSOS Act.

## D. COMPLAINT

- [9] The following are the material aspects of the complainant's complaint:
  - 9.1 On 1 June 2011, the complainant entered into a comprehensive short-term insurance agreement with the respondent. The respondent furnished a confirmation of insurance document<sup>2</sup> containing the facility (policy) number 55567 to the complainant. The policy incepted on the same date.
  - 9.2 On 5 September 2011, the complainant was involved in a motor vehicle accident with his 2008 1.4 Volkswagen Tenaciti. He duly reported the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Proof provided.

matter to the South African Police Service and instituted a claim with the respondent.

- 9.3 The vehicle was damaged to such an extent that it was uneconomical to repair. The vehicle was insured for the market value of R65 000, however the respondent only paid an amount of R12 633.58 to the financier of the vehicle. The complainant contends that there is an outstanding amount of R52 366.42 owed to him.
- 9.4 Aggrieved by the respondent's failure to honour his claim in full, the complainant lodged a complaint with the Ombudsman for Short-Term Insurance ('OSTI') who in turn referred the complaint to this Office.

### E. RELIEF SOUGHT

[10] The complainant seeks an order compelling the respondent to pay him an amount of R52 366.42 which he claims to be the remaining balance of his claim.

## F. RESPONDENT'S VERSION

[11] The complaint was sent to the respondent requesting him to resolve it with the complainant, alternatively to furnish this Office with a detailed response. The respondent failed to address this Office on the merits of the complaint. Subsequent thereto, the complaint was formally accepted for investigation in terms of Section 27(4) of the FAIS Act and the respondent was again invited to file a response to the complaint. Although the respondent for a second time failed to address the Office on the merits of the complaint, it is worth quoting two e-mails he sent to this Office.

11.1 In his first e-mail to this Office, the respondent stated:

'As per our conversation on the 20th July 2012 we have spoken about MR S NAIDOO claim, we would like to confirm that this claim will be settled on or before the 3<sup>rd</sup> august 2012 and we hope that this is helping you understand that we do take our claims seriously but also had paperwork and investigation work that we had to do on this case (claim)'<sup>3</sup>

11.2 In response to the Section 27(4) notice the respondent stated:

'I have received the mail... and if I am currently unemployed and unable to pay what then'4

'i have on numerous cations tried to get silence for two years and have leased with the registrar at the FSB to find a way forward but was told that i would need 10 million rand in cash for that or hand over the clients to a registered company which i did hand over to Sapcor as i was told, we did pay claims until the FSB warned the public about model insurance and so we started having a lot of cancellations and was unable to pay claims in the last period so at the moment i would like to settle these amounts but cant due to unemployment and would like to make an offer once I have a job'5

[12] Given the admissions made by the respondent in the two e-mails, it is no surprise that he did not respond to the merits of the complaint. Quite simply, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> E-mail dated 23 July 2012. Errors not omitted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> E-mail dated 20 August 2014. Errors not omitted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> E-mail dated 21 August 2014. Errors not omitted.

respondent has no defence against the allegations made against him.

Therefore, the complaint must succeed.

#### G. FINDINGS

- [13] From the undisputed facts before this Office, it can be concluded that:
  - 13.1 The respondent misrepresented to the public that he was an authorised short-term insurer and financial services provider;
  - 13.2 The respondent collected premiums from members of the public but had no financial means to honour claims as they arose;
  - 13.3 Although the respondent was not a registered short-term insurer, he entered into a binding short-term insurance agreement with the complainant<sup>6</sup>;
  - 13.4 In terms of the short-term insurance agreement the respondent agreed to indemnify the complainant against any loss or damage arising out of the use of his vehicle at a monthly premium of R682.90;
  - 13.5 The respondent was at risk and liable to pay the complainant in terms of the contract of insurance.

### H. QUANTUM

[14] The complainant seeks payment of the amount of R52 366.42, which he claims to be the difference in the market value of the vehicle and the amount paid to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In terms of Section 54(1) of the STIA 'A short-term policy, whether entered into before or after the commencement of this Act, shall not be void merely because a provision of a law, including a provision of this Act, has been contravened or not complied with in connection with it.';

the financier by the respondent. According to TransUnion's Auto Dealers' Guide the replacement value of the vehicle at the time of loss was R33 100. There is a basic excess of R3 250 payable on claims. I therefore intend to make an order in the amount of R33 100 less R12 633.58 paid by the respondent less excess of R3 250.

## I. ORDER

- [15] In the premises the following order is made:
- 1. The complaint is upheld;
- Respondent is hereby ordered to pay to the Complainant the amount of R17 216.42;
- 3. Interest at a rate of 9% per annum, seven (7) days from date of this order to date of final payment.

DATED AT PRETORIA ON THIS THE 22<sup>nd</sup> DAY OF OCTOBER 2014.



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## **NOLUNTU N BAM**

### **OMBUD FOR FINANCIAL SERVICES PROVIDERS**